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10/722,199	11/25/2003	Dwayne Nelson	IGT1P492C1/P-262A	6785
79646 Weaver Austin	7590 01/22/200 Villeneuve & Sampson	EXAMINER		
Attn: IGT	•	HARPER, TRAMAR YONG		
P.O. Box 7025 Oakland, CA 9		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		3714		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/22/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary Examiner

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/722,199 NELSON, DWAYNE Art Unit TRAMAR HARPER

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS,

- WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any -d --t--t t--- -d --t--- C-- 07.0FD 4.70401

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J.S. Petent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06) Office Action :	Summary Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20090115				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S6/08) Paper No(s)Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)Mail Date. 5-5) Notice of Informat Patent #ps lication 6) Other: ———————————————————————————————————				
Attachment(s)					
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* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of th	* **				
 Copies of the certified copies of the priority diapplication from the International Bureau (PC) 	ocuments have been received in this National Stage				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have					
Certified copies of the priority documents have					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	ity and to 0.0.0. § Tro(a) (a) or (i).				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign prior	rity under 35 LLS C & 119(a)-(d) or (f)				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examir					
	required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawi					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
Application Papers					
	•				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ele	ction requirement.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>91-94, 97, & 100-113</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from	om consideration.				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>91-94,97 and 100-113</u> is/are pending in th	e application.				
Disposition of Claims					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pa	•				
	This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 October</u>					

Application/Control Number: 10/722,199 Page 2

Art Unit: 3714

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Examiner acknowledges receipt of amendments/arguments filed 10/02/08. The arguments set forth are addressed herein below. Claims 91-94, 97, & 100-113 remain pending, Claims 1-90 have been cancelled, and Claims 91 and 103 have been currently amended.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 91-94, 100, 103-108, and 110-111 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Acres (US 6,254,483) in view of Burns et al (US 6,048,269).

Claims 91-94, 100, 103-108, & 110-111: Acres teaches a gaming system that has a display, an input device, a currency accepting mechanism and a controller (Configuration Workstation - Fig. 1) to generate various video games such as a slot game or a video poker game (Col. 1:1-Col. 3:20). Column 2:18-28 discloses that reconfiguring the primary game and the secondary game is analogous since they are configured in the same manner. With respect to the minimum bet and the

Art Unit: 3714

denomination for the deposit of currency please see 2:35-55 which discloses being able to vary the wager per unit time and that it is desirable for the casino to set the cost to the player at a higher level during high demand periods and at a lower level, to attract players, during low demand periods (Fig. 4-5). Column 3:24-26 discloses that the method of configuring electronic gaming machines interconnected by a computer network to a host computer and that selected configuration parameters are implemented at each machine. The game machines can be used in a standalone configuration (which means the EGM would inherently have to have an internal clock/time generator to monitor time and its own controller) or network configuration and that such configuration parameters control the behavior of the electronic gaming machine (Col. 5:47-Col. 6:12, Col. 9:15-22). Acres discloses that the configuration workstation is programmed to monitor various gaming parameters such as the time the interconnected machines are played and that configuration parameters are implemented by downloading the data to respective EGM's or the configuration parameters are already installed (Col. 6:5-8, Col. 6:63-Col. 7:10). Various game parameters examples that are changed are sound effects (Col. 3:17-20 encompasses volume), appearance (Col. 3:17-20 encompasses theme and brightness), a bonus game/period (Col. 8:20-48), payback percentage (Col. 8:4, Abstract). For example, different bonus periods are entered into the configuration workstation and at the beginning/start of each time period a computer command (time signal) is issued and in response to the command the EGM reconfigures itself, based on parameters already stored within the EGM (obtains appropriate configuration data), to change the payback

Art Unit: 3714

percentage or paytables of the EGM (Col. 8:1-13, see above) e.g. Acres discloses initiating a bonus period during a certain time of the day and turning the bonus period off during another time of the day. Therefore, in a stand alone embodiment the EGM inherently has to encompass a time generator or its own internal clock that maintains the time in order to achieve the above (Col. 6:55-62). Acres, also clearly states the scope of the invention is to change game machine aspects/behaviors with respect to time (3:18) in addition to other such variables. Acres also teaches in the abstract that machine behaviors such as game speed, payback percentage, game appearance are changed in response to a signal from one of a number of variables, such as time (Abstract). Acres furthermore offers more support for the behaviors such as payback percentage modified based upon time (8:49-65). In regard to memory mediums used. Acres teaches using optical (4:3), and various semiconductor memories such as PROMs (5:21) and RAM (5:25) to store various instructions to implement and execute the above-taught game system. Acres clearly states that the game (main/bonus) is changed in accordance with a time signal and that many variables may be changed such as configuration parameters that control the behavior and appearance of the machine in response to time (3:15-20). Changing configuration parameters that control the behavior and appearance of the machine is changing the game in response to time. With respect to changing the bonus game with respect to time see above where Acres discloses that altering the main or bonus games require the same steps and are therefore analogous. Acres lacks in specifically disclosing that the controller change a minimum bet for the video gambling game in response to the time signal. Instead.

Art Unit: 3714

Acres states that it is desireable for the casino to set the cost to the player at a higher lever (cost interpreted as the minimum wager or coin-in amount, although not explicitly stated) at a higher level during high demand periods to increase casino revenue and a lower level at low demand periods to attract players (Col. 2:50-55). It is well known in the art for casinos to change the coin-in amount or wager amount on gaming machines for the purposes of Acres, above.

In an analogous game machine of Burns therein is disclosed that it is known and desirable that the use of the system in association with electronic gaming machines eliminates the necessity of having slot machines dedicated to a particular amount of wager. Furthermore, Burns teaches a gaming machine wherein a player can select via a menu a game from a plurality of games to play on the gaming machine to provide a game machine wherein a player is allowed to play a favorite or desirable game out of a plurality of games on one gaming machine (Col. 5:20-26). At the present time, the typical casino has slot machines that are dedicated to accept only one value of coin. For example, a slot machine may be a 25 cent machine, accepting only quarters; a 5 cent machine; or a dollar machine. It is very time consuming to physically change the slot machine, which may be desirable during a major event or New Years Eve, when slot machines having higher wager limits are desirable. Acres teaches the concept of changing configuration parameters of gaming machines respective to time. Considering that both Acres and Burns teach that it desirable to change the cost of a gaming machine (minimum wager or coin-in) during certain time periods for purposes of increasing revenue and attracting more

Art Unit: 3714

players one would be motivated to combine the teachings of Acres and Burns.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to change the minimum denomination with respect to a time signal.

Claims 101, 102, 112, & 113 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Acres US Patent 6,254,483 in view of Burns et al US Patent 6,048,269 as shown above in further view of Miura US Patent 6,354,943.

Claims 101-102 and 112-113: Acres discloses all of the instant application, as taught above, but lacks in specifically teaching that the controller replaces at least one of the available gambling games in response to the time signal and specifically stating replacing a first bonus game for a second bonus game. Instead Acres clearly states that the game (main/bonus) is changed in accordance with a time signal and that many variables may be changed such as configuration parameters that control the behavior and appearance of the machine in response to time (3:15-20). Changing configuration parameters that control the behavior and appearance of the machine is changing the game in response to time. With respect to changing the bonus game with respect to time see above where Acres discloses that altering the main or bonus games require the same steps and are therefore analogous. The above is motivation to one skilled in the art to seek a reference that changes the games with an available game in response to time. In an analogous game machine to Miura, therein, Miura discloses changing available games with respect to a time signal (Abstract). It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to change the games in Acres with

Art Unit: 3714

available games (main/bonus) with respect to a time signal as taught in Miura using the above motivation that the game may be changed.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 97 and 109 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10/02/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The examiner reiterates the response to arguments filed 07/10/08:

In regards to Acres not disclosing a controller being programmed to change a minimum bet (or any other feature) for its own electronic gaming machine, Acres clearly discloses installing configuration parameters on individual EGM and each gaming machine being capable of operating in a stand alone mode, wherein the gaming unit monitors variables such as time and changes gaming unit configurations respective of such time (see above Col. 9:14-22). So at least in regards to the combination of Acres in view of Burns the limitation is met. Applicant argues that Acres fails to suggest changing a minimum bet, payoff percentage, brightness, and a theme for a gaming machine respective of time. Examiner respectfully disagrees due to the fact that Acres clearly discloses changing gaming parameters respective of time such as sound effects (Col. 3:17-20 encompasses volume), appearance (Col. 3:17-20 encompasses theme and brightness), a bonus game/period (start and end time Col. 8:20-48), payback percentage (Col. 8:4, Abstract). In regards to changing volume sound effects

Art Unit: 3714

encompass such a limitation, in regards to changing brightness and theme game appearance encompasses such limitations, and in regards to payback percentage and minimum bet please refer to Acres in view of Burns. At least in the above regards the limitations are met. In regards to replacing a first bonus game for a second bonus game respective of time. Acres clearly discloses that primary games are known to have secondary games and the configuration problems exist in both the primary and secondary games. Acres goes on to disclose change configurations parameters respective of time. At least in this regards in would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Acres to change games, whether primary or secondary, respective of time as taught by Muira. In regards to claims 97 and 109, Examiner acknowledges these claims to be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

In addition the combination of Acres in view of Burns meets the game selection limitations (see above respective of Burns). At least in regards to the above the rejection is maintained.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

Art Unit: 3714

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to TRAMAR HARPER whose telephone number is (571)272-6177. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am - 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Vo can be reached on (571) 272-4690. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system. call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Ronald Laneau/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 3714 Application/Control Number: 10/722,199 Page 10

Art Unit: 3714